

Mutual Interaction of Air Showers and Thunderstorms

Astroparticle school in Obertrubach/Bärnfels

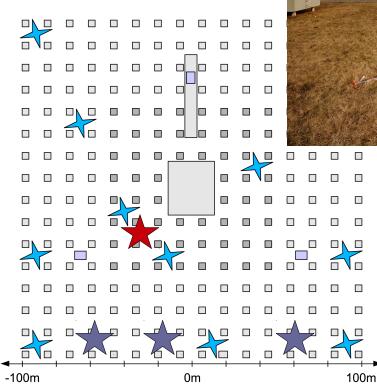
Stefan Braun for the LOPES Collaboration



LOPES experiment

- Exploration of radio emission of air showers
- 30 Dipole antennas at calibrated air shower Experiment
- Trigger from KASCADE-Grande
- $10^{17} 10^{18} \text{ eV}$
- **4**0 80 MHz
- Update: LOPES 3D

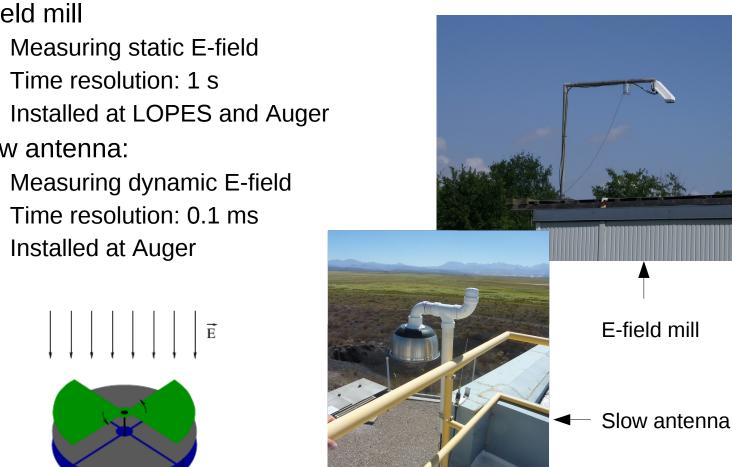








Measuring atmospheric E-field



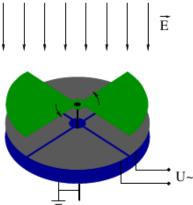


Time resolution: 1 s

E-field mill

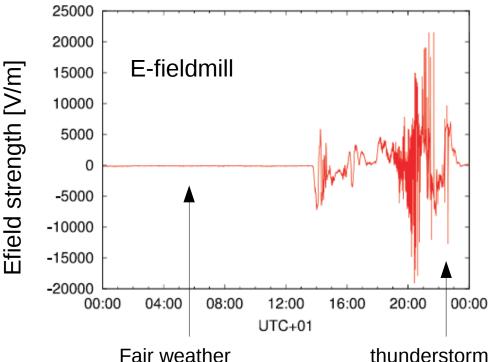
Slow antenna:

- Measuring dynamic E-field
- Time resolution: 0.1 ms
- Installed at Auger



Thunderstorm mode

- Every three minutes: analysis the last 15 minutes
- Conditions:
 E-field > 500 V/m and jumps
- Trace
 - Fair weather: μs
 - Thunderstorm mode: ms



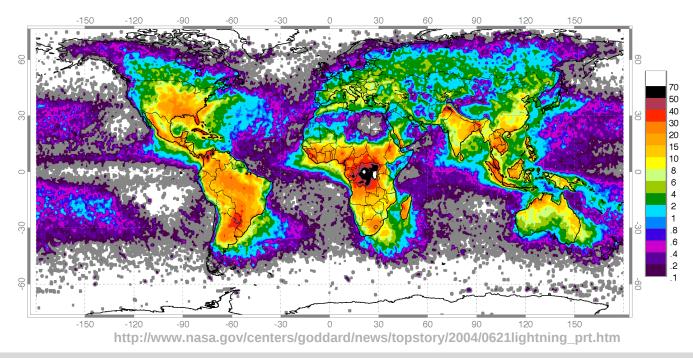
E-field:

- Fair weather: between -50 V/m und -200 V/m (small changes)
- Thunderstorm mode: ± 20 kV/m (jumps)

Thunderstorm statistics



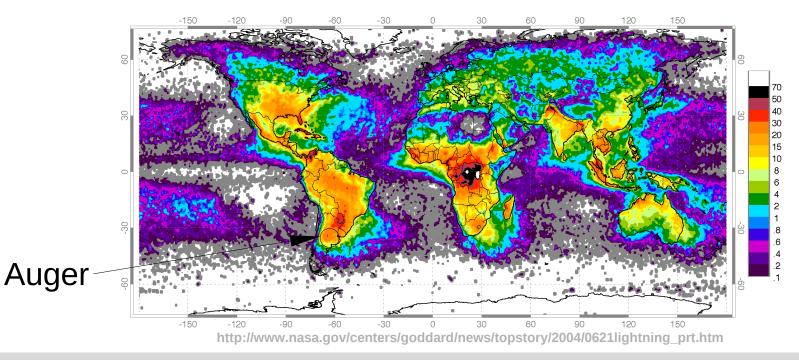
- 16 million lightning storms in the world every year
 - World wide at each time 2000-3000 thunderstorms
 - 100 lightnings per second
 - Empire State Building is hit 23 times per year
- More lightning deaths per year than by other weather phenomena
- Commercial aircraft struck once every 5000-10000 hours flight time



Thunderstorm statistics



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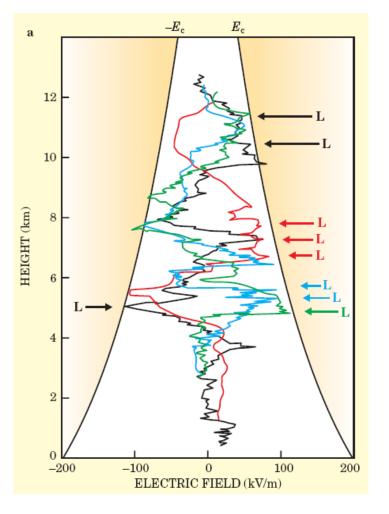
Lightnings not well understood



- Main problem: How lightnings initiated?
 - Classical electrical breakthrough!?
 - Problem: measured E-field in the atmosphere too low for breakthrough
 - Need: 3 MV per meter
- Possible Solution: Relativistic Runaway Breakdown (RRB):
 - Need: only 155 kV per meter
- Can Air shower initiate lightnings!?
 - Provide an high electron density
- Other Open question:

7

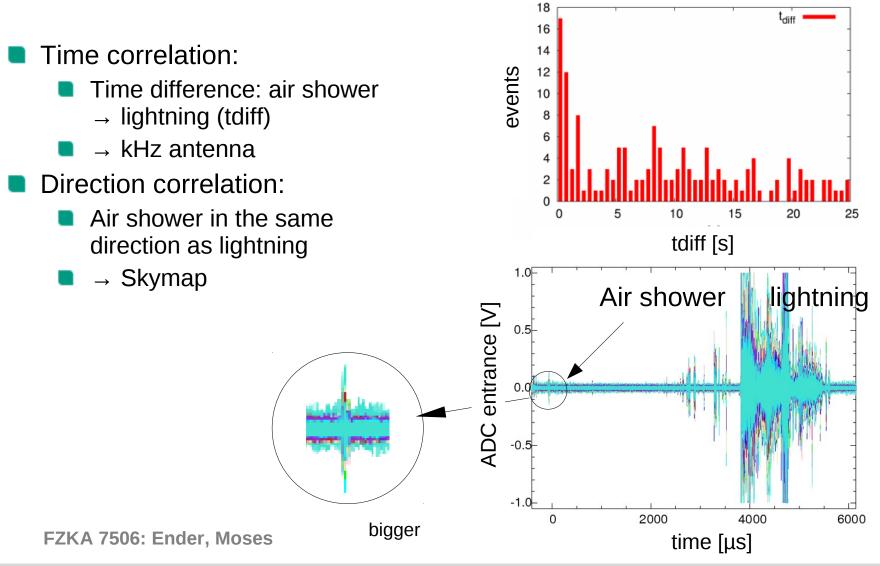
Gamma ray emission from lightnings



GUREVICH, A.V. Und ZYBIN, K.P.: Physics Today (2005), Bd. 58,5: S.37-43

Correlation between air showers and lightnings

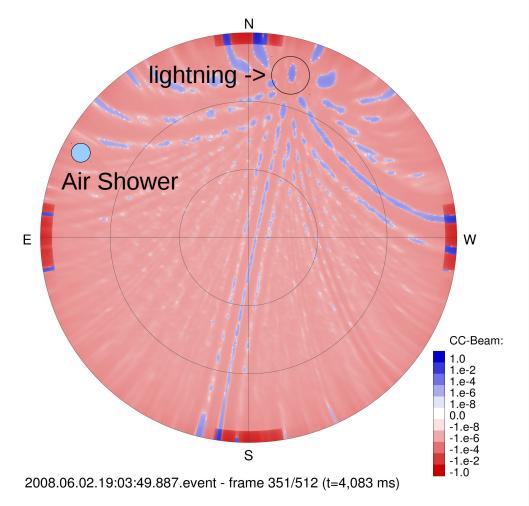




Skymap



- Cross correlation:
 - Interferometric combination of all 30 antennas
 - High cross correlation
 - \rightarrow signal coherent
 - Low cross correlation
 - \rightarrow signal incoherent
- Skymap:
 - Cross correlation for all directions
 - \rightarrow Direction correlation



kHz antennas

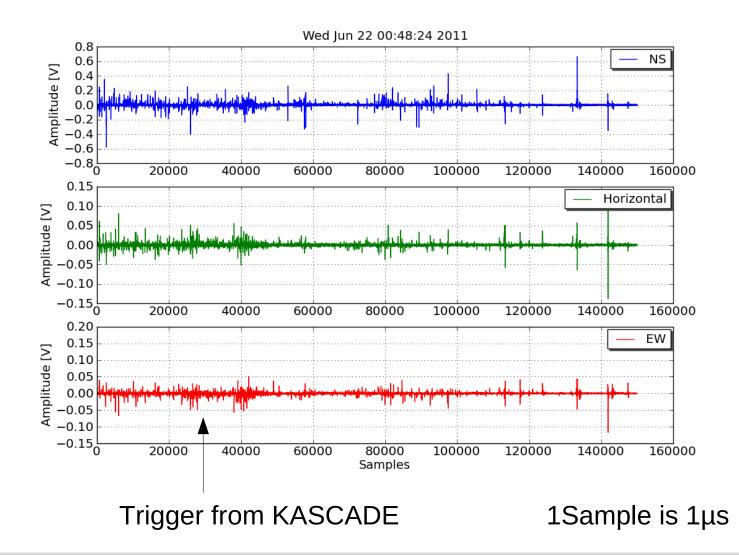
Karlsruher Institut für Technologie

- Hardware:
 - 3 magnetic loop antennas (3 polarisations)
 - 50 500 kHz
 - Trigger from KASCADE-Grande (as LOPES)
- Motivation
 - Detailed look in lightning signals from LOPES
 - Lightnings emit the most power in kHz range
- New update:
 - Trace : 150 ms
 - Dynamic range higher
 - Protection against lawn mowers



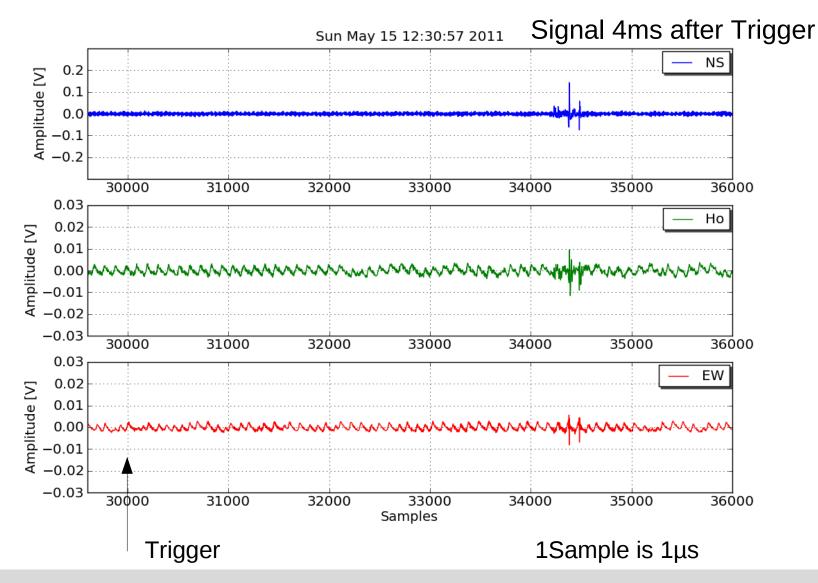
kHz signals





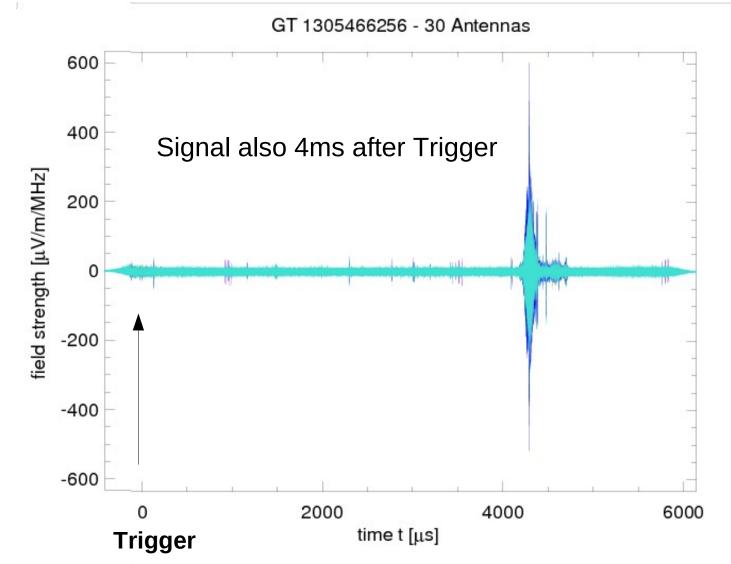
Events in kHz and MHz





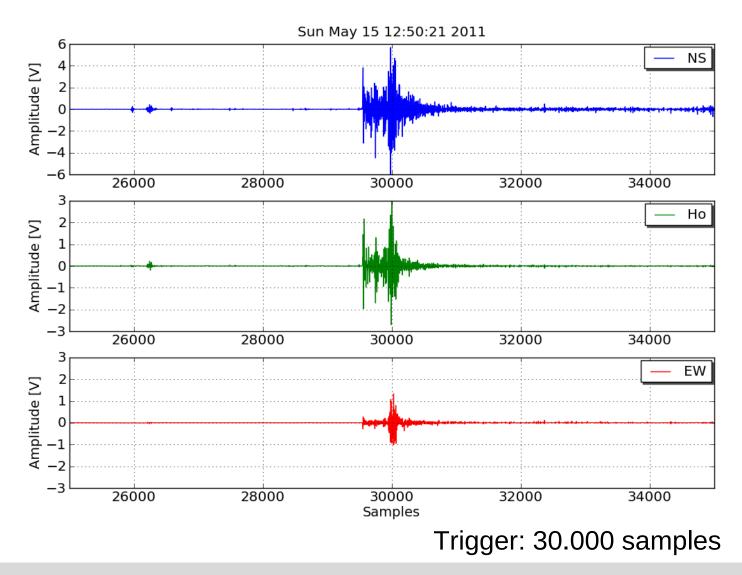
Events in kHz and MHz





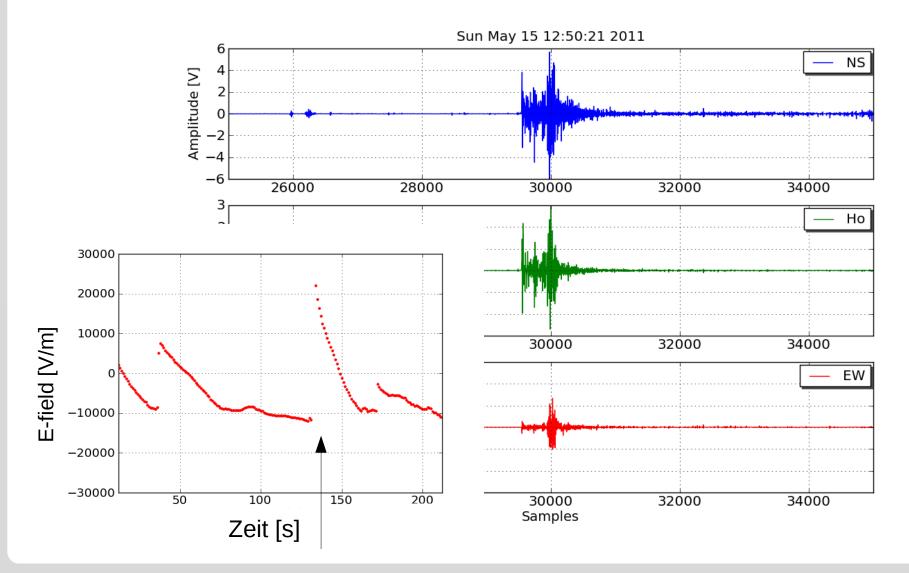
KHz + E-fieldmill





KHz + E-fieldmill





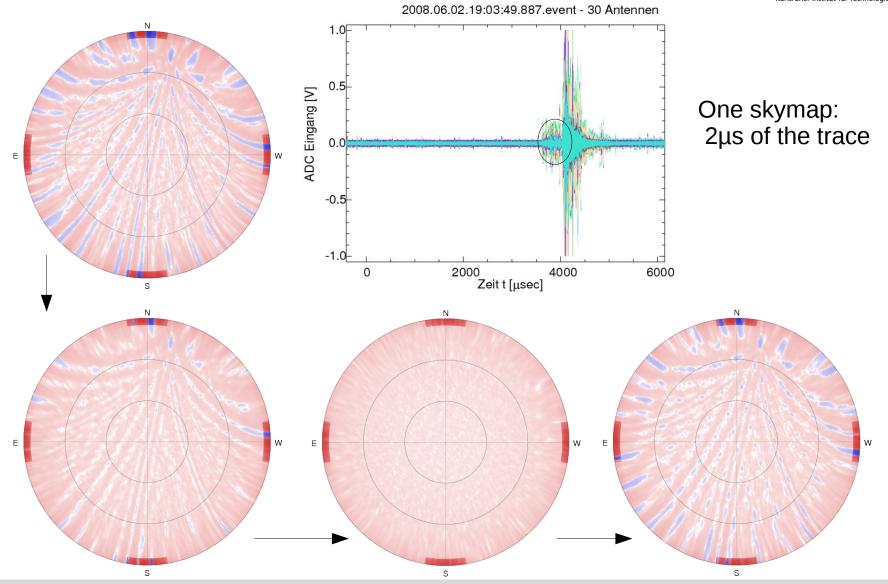
Conclusion



- Lightning mechanism is not completely understood
 - Runaway Breakdown with air shower!?
- E-field measurements
 - Efieldmill at LOPES and at Auger
 - Slow antenna installed at Auger
- Correlation Air shower with Lightning
 - Time correlation
 - Direction correlation
- kHz antennas:
 - Included in thunderstorm measurement
 - Many signals during thunderstorm
 - Lightnings measured in kHz and E-fieldmill
 - Waiting for more lightnings
- Thunderstorm season in Karlsruhe started

Skymap





Typical activity of CG-

Preliminary Breakdown

- Stepped LeaderReturn Stroke
- Dart LeaderReturn Stroke
- Dart LeaderReturn Stroke

. . . .













New update:

- Trace : 150 ms
- Entrance signal higher
- Protection against lawn mowers



KHz signals



Many signals during thunderstorms!

